

Agenda Duration **Training Topic** A. Overview of ATD-2 & RTC/RMTC 30 Min B. Interface Details: Upper Status Bar: (Map Features, Notifications) 30 Min C. Interface Details: Flight Strip and 30 Min Flight Menu D. Data Exchange and Integration 30 Min E. Metering Modes, and Tactical 1 Hour Scheduler Advisories F. Interactive Exercises on all the above 1 Hour Total 4 Hours

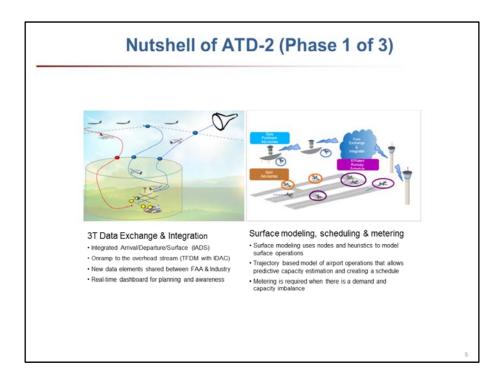


NASA gets the privileged of leading this research, but this is the very definition of a team effort. ATD-2 is not possible without the strong and frequent collaboration and contributions by the organizations you see on this slide.

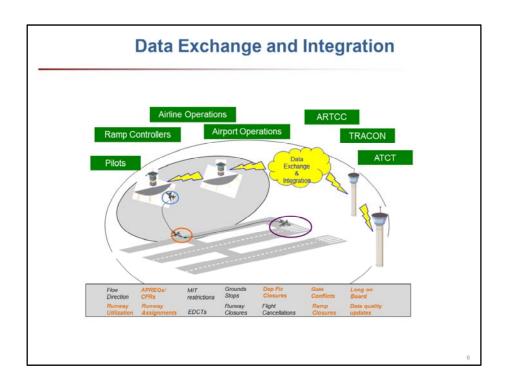
Concept Overview - Users



Overview video online at: http://aviationsystemsdivision.arc.nasa.gov/research/tactical/atd2.shtml



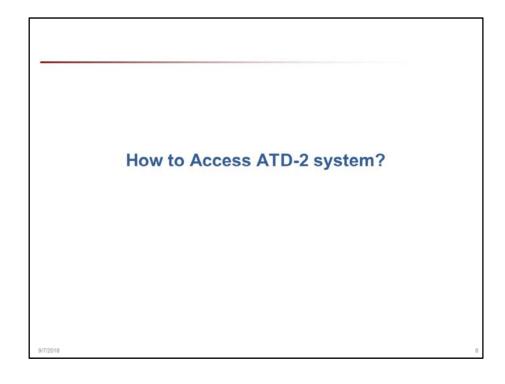
Only briefly described in SCT brief. Slides provided for your analysis. Key here is that there are many views of IADS capabiltiy. The 3T data exchange and integration on the left feeds the advanced surface capability on the right. If you have questions on this we can come back at the end. If you are only looking for the thing on the left, or the right, this is to let you know of the other capability.



Items in orange may benefit from further discussion with SCT on the potential benefit at other airport in the NAS, as well as TFDM PO to determine coverage in the TFDM system requirements.

What does ATD-2 bring to AA Ramp Control?

- ATD-2 as a system connects AA Ramp tower with CLT ATC-T, TRACON and ZDC
- Information exchange between AA CLT Ramp and Tower (STBO) in real time will improve shared situational awareness among all users.
- ATD-2 fuses data from 12-13 feeds including TBFM, Flight Stats, Flight Hub, ASDE-X, and different SWIM feeds that has improved the quality of data used to drive the systems
- · ATD-2 improves transparency of information
 - e.g. Wheels-up time provided to pilot are now visible to ramp controllers.
 - AA Ramp can see ATC-T displays in observer mode and vice versa
- ATD-2 tools allow automation to suggest gate hold times based on demand and capacity imbalance for the purpose of metering



Switch to ATD-2 Display

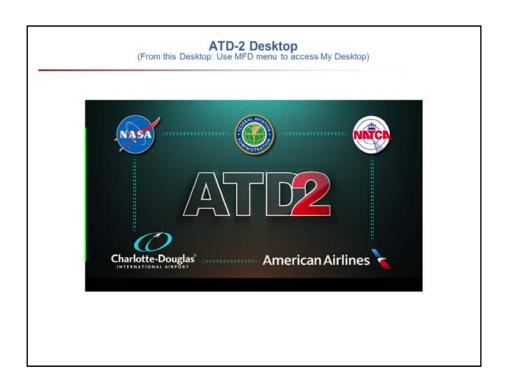
- Pushing the source button will bring up the menu
- Clicking on the second button from right on the menu shown on the screen switches between Aerobahn and ATD2

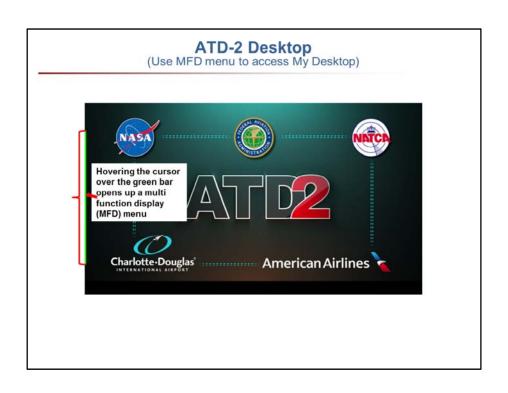




9/7/20

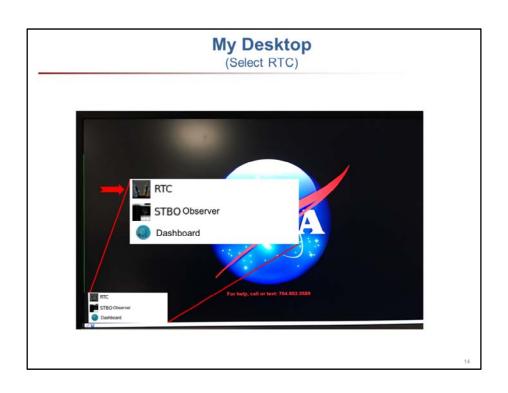
)

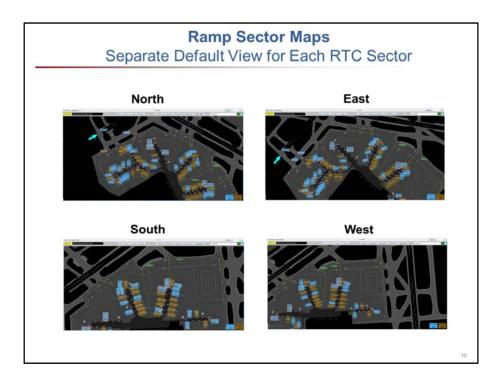








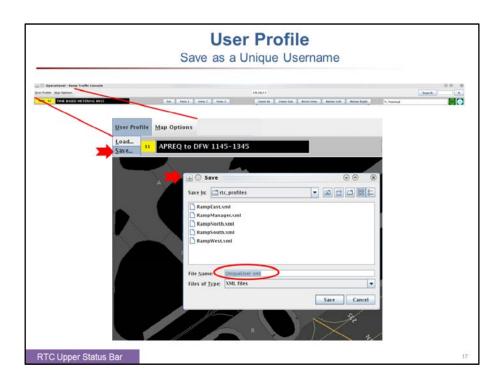


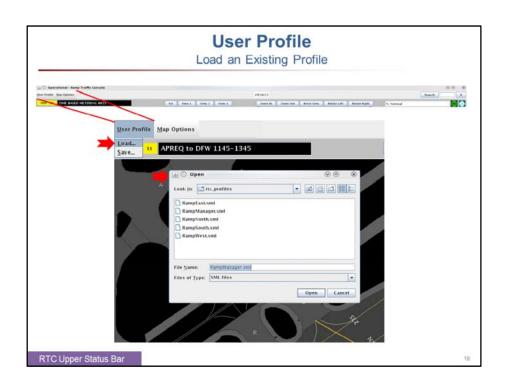


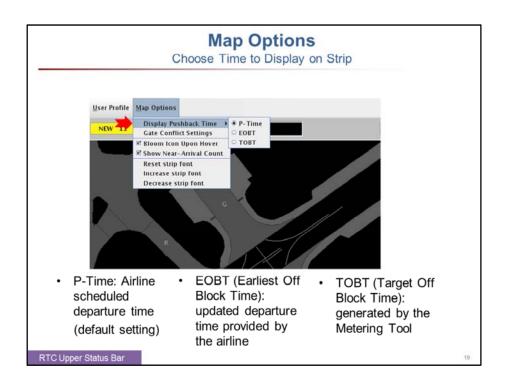
The RTC can be opened in one of the four ramp sectors or the ramp manager view.

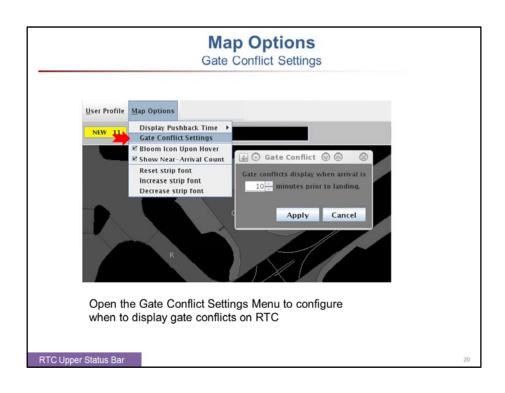
Notice, that depending on the zoom level, more or less detail will be displayed in the "data block"

Agenda Training Topic Duration A. Overview of ATD-2 & RTC/RMTC 30 Min B. Interface Details: Upper Status Bar: (Map Features, Notifications) 30 Min C. Interface Details: Flight Strip and 30 Min Flight Menu D. Data Exchange and Integration 30 Min E. Metering Modes, and Tactical 1 Hour Scheduler Advisories F. Interactive Exercises on all the above 1 Hour Total 4 Hours



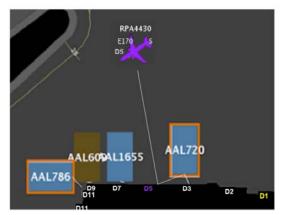




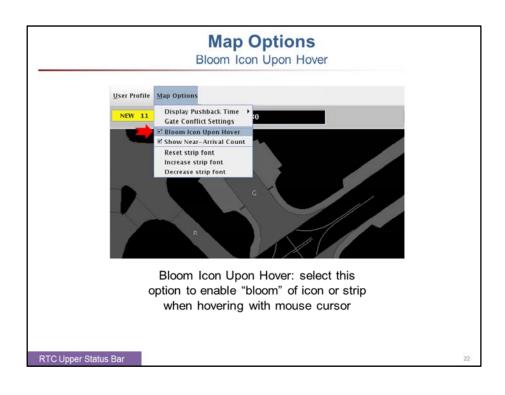


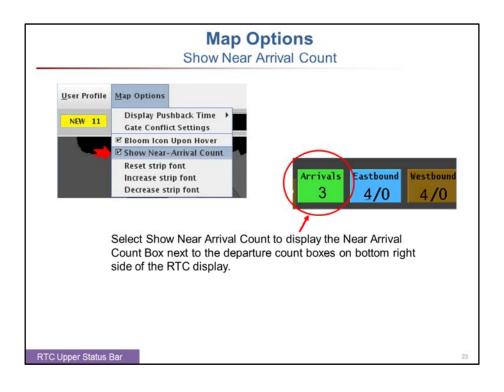
Gate Conflict Alerting

- Gate conflict Alerting: The arrival icon as well as gate number are displayed in magenta
- Click on icon or gate number to draw "tether" line between them
- Gate conflict alerting logic: gates blocked by a heavy type aircraft are also shown as gate conflict
- Yellow gate number indicates arrival is On



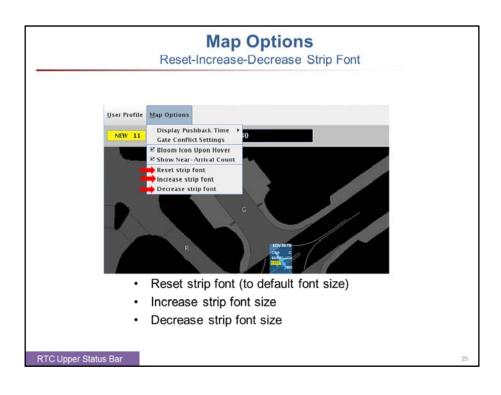
RTC Upper Status Bar

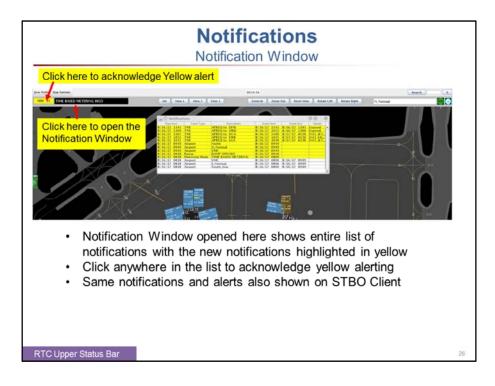






Departure lists include flights that have called ready for pushback and are in the spoolup state





As new notifications come in, the New Notifications alert is highlighted in yellow and the number of new notifications is displayed here.

Click on the notification display field to open the Notification Panel to view all notifications (highlighted in yellow until acknowledged). Notifications remain in the opened panel, even after they are acknowledged. Notifications displayed here are more broad in nature, with flight specific notifications on the individual flights on the RTC.

RTC Upper Status Bar

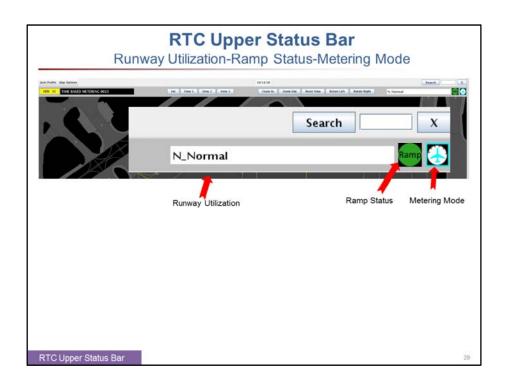
Set Views- Zoom/Rotate/Reset View



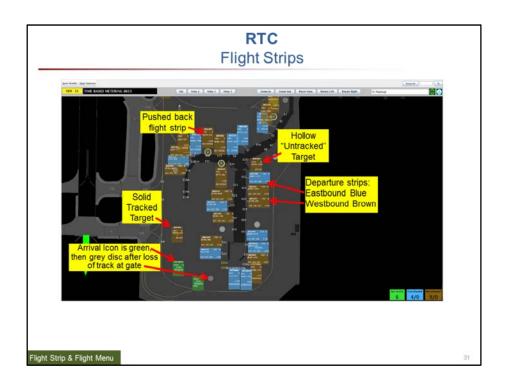
- Set the zoom level by using the mouse scroll wheel on the map or use the zoom in and zoom out buttons shown above to incrementally zoom
- Use the rotate Left and Right buttons to rotate the map
- Once the view is configured, use the set view buttons to save up to three different views and then toggle between those set views

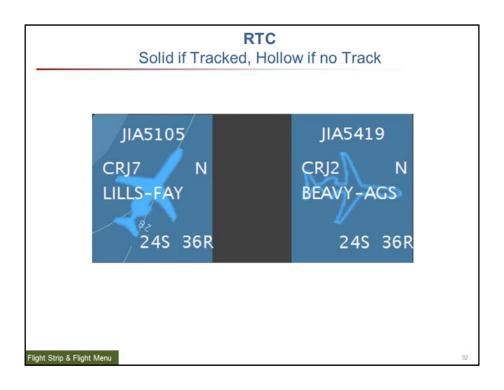
RTC Upper Status Bar

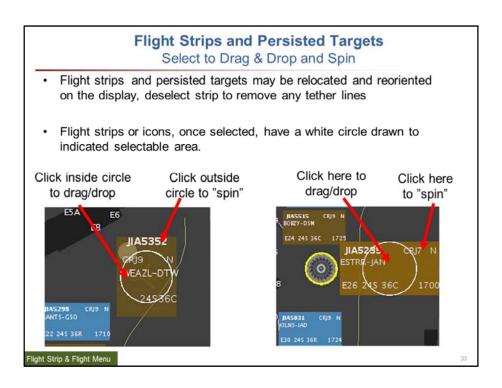


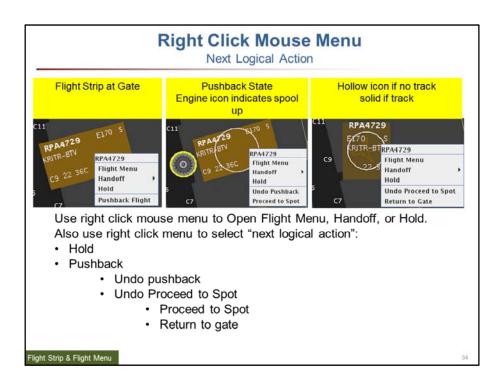


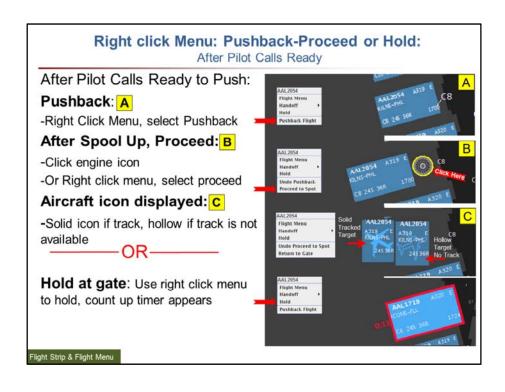
Agenda Training Topic Duration A. Overview of ATD-2 & RTC/RMTC 30 Min B. Interface Details: Upper Status Bar: (Map Features, Notifications) 30 Min C. Interface Details: Flight Strip and 30 Min Flight Menu D. Data Exchange and Integration 30 Min E. Metering Modes, and Tactical 1 Hour Scheduler Advisories F. Interactive Exercises on all the above 1 Hour Total 4 Hours









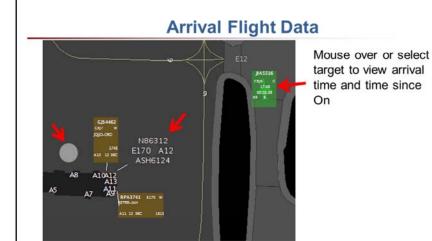


Departure Flight Data



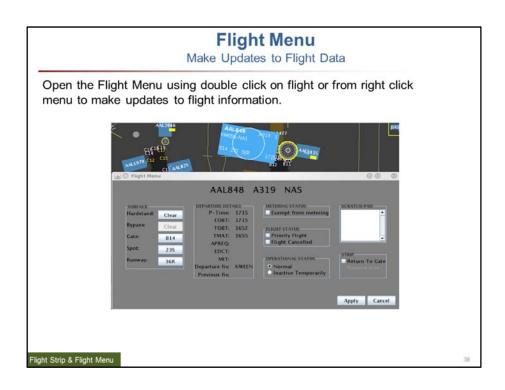
- Current sector ownership is automatically transferred.
- Use Handoff feature on right click menu to deliberately handoff sector ownership.
- For example, in the case of handing off (taking back) control of a flight from ground back to ramp sector

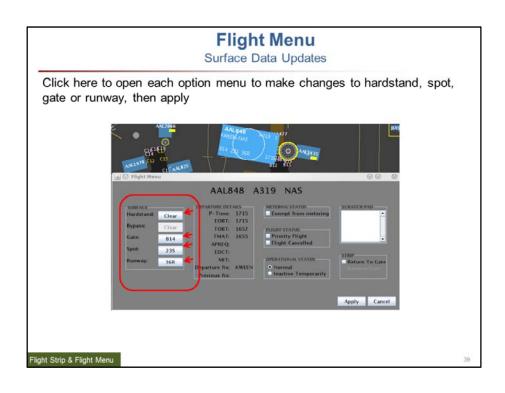
Flight Strip & Flight Menu

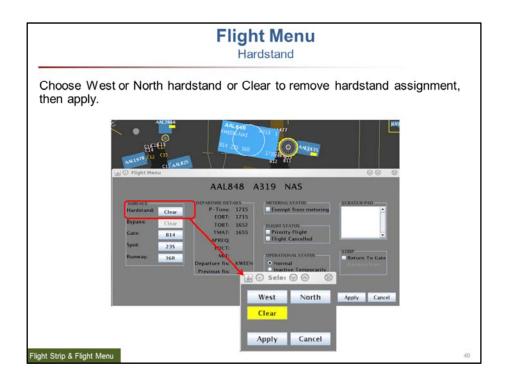


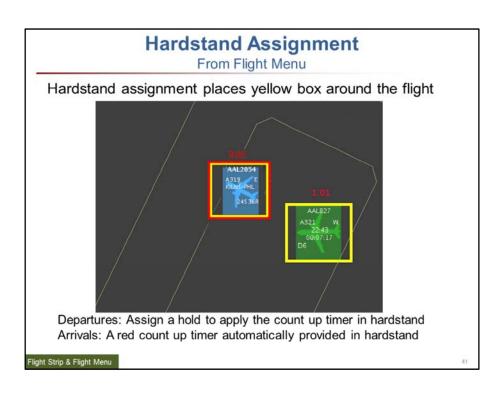
- · Arrivals are green
- Arrivals become grey discs after they become inactive at the gate, click on the grey disc to view flight data.
- · Once there is an In time, the arrival may be relocated on the map

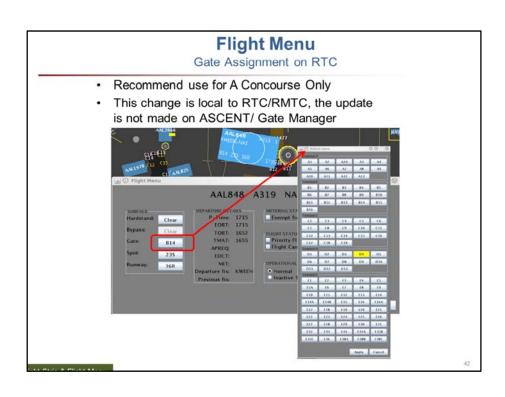
Flight Strip & Flight Menu

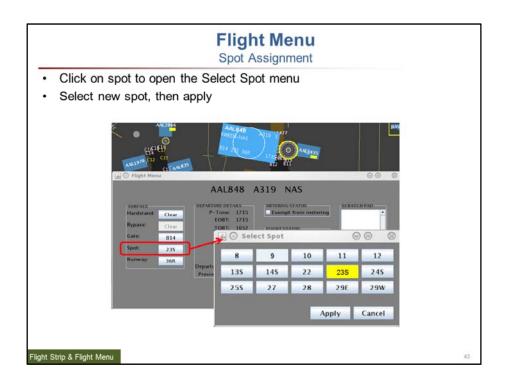


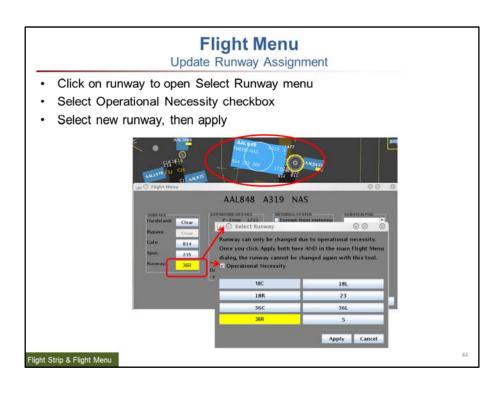


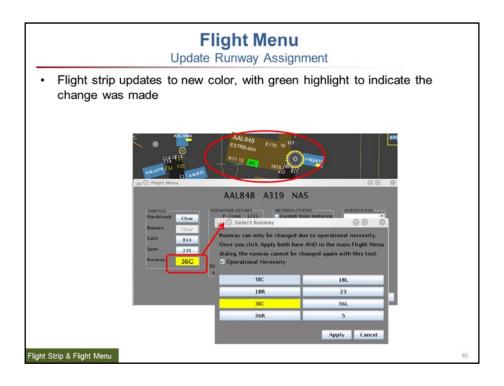












Flight Menu

Departure Details

- · View details for the flight here: EOBT, TOBT, and TMAT
- If applicable then Traffic Management Initiatives (TMI) times will also be shown here: APREQ/CFR, EDCT, and MIT
- The current departure fix is shown here, as well as the previous fix if there was an update to the departure fix



Flight Strip & Flight Menu

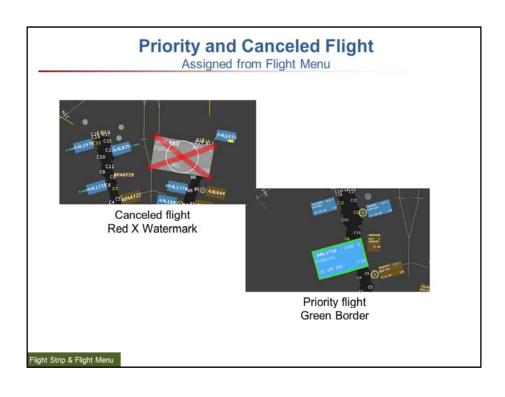
Flight Menu

Status Details

- · Select Exempt from Metering to remove this flight from metering
 - GA and Military are exempted automatically
 - Internationals will have to be manually exempted
- Flight Status: Select Priority Flight or Flight Cancelled to update the flight status
- Operational Status: Normal is the default, but Inactive Temporarily may be chosen to temporarily remove flight from metering



Flight Strip & Flight Menu



Flight Menu

Scratch Pad Entry-Return to Gate-Remove Icon

- Type text into the scratchpad field, then apply
- · Return to Gate and Remove Icon are greyed out until necessary
 - Return to Gate: will be available if departure flight is already off the gate, select here and apply to move flight back to gate
 - Remove Icon (greyed out), only available if the departure flight has been cancelled or arrival is in inactive state, select here then apply to permanently remove the icon





Flight Strip & Flight Menu

Arrival Flight Menu

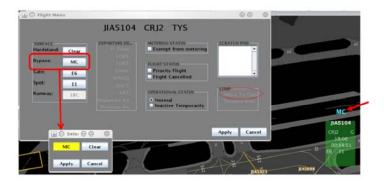
- Move To Gate option is not available (grey) until IN message
 May assign Mike Charlie Bypass (see next slide)



Flight Strip & Flight Menu

Arrival Flight Menu Mike Charlie Bypass

- · Assign Mike Charlie Bypass on arrival flights
 - Places MC designation on flight to show intent to use Mike Charlie Bypass



Agenda Duration **Training Topic** A. Overview of ATD-2 & RTC/RMTC 30 Min B. Interface Details: Upper Status Bar: (Map Features, Notifications) 30 Min C. Interface Details: Flight Strip and 30 Min Flight Menu D. Data Exchange and Integration 30 Min 1 Hour E. Metering Modes, and Tactical Scheduler Advisories F. Interactive Exercises on all the above 1 Hour Total 4 Hours

Data Exchange

- Data Exchange and sharing between CLT Tower and AA Ramp is foundational to Scheduling and Metering
- · Improves Situational Awareness among decision makers
- Allows automated exchange of information and less reliance on phone calls
- · Allows for collaboration between different kind of users
- Twelve ATD2 Shadow sessions at CLT lab have captured more than dozen data exchange items between tower and ramp
- Data exchange generates a notification for the users in their respective system

Data Exchange/Integration

Data Exchange and Integration

ATC-T to Ramp

Ramp to ATC-T

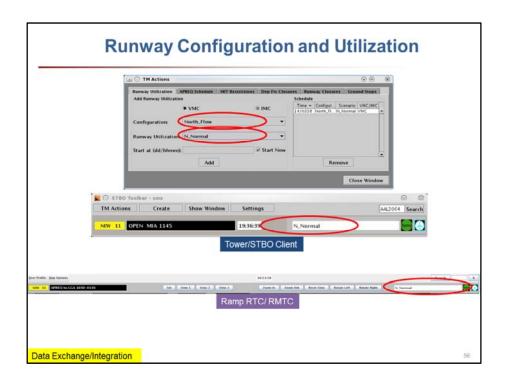
- Airport Config & Runway Utilization
- MIT
- EDCTs
- · Departure Fix Closures
- · Ground Stop
- · Runway Closures

- · Taxi for Operational Necessity
- Cancellations
- · Ramp Closure
- Pushback & Surveillance

Gate Conflicts & LOB/LTD

Data Exchange/Integration

	Data Exchange and Integration	
Runw	ray Utilization	
		55

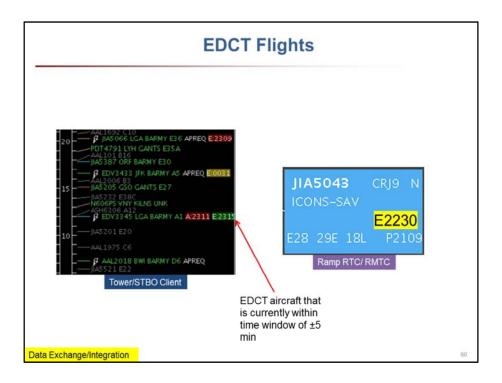


This feature will certainly eliminate the need for phone calls between the Ramp and ATC-T. The ATC-T has agreed to input the airport configuration and any changes to runway utilization. This will be displayed to the Ramp as well as the ATC-T as a notification.



Added restrictions show up as "M15" on Timeline.

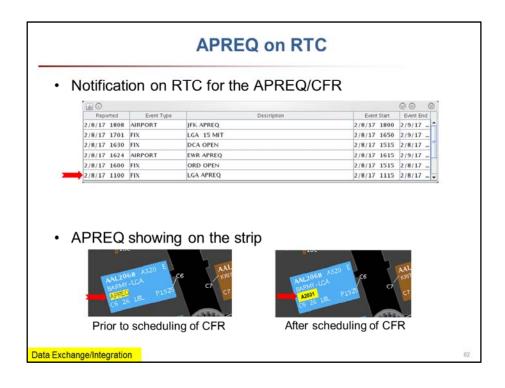
Data Exchange and Integration	
EDCT Flights	
	59



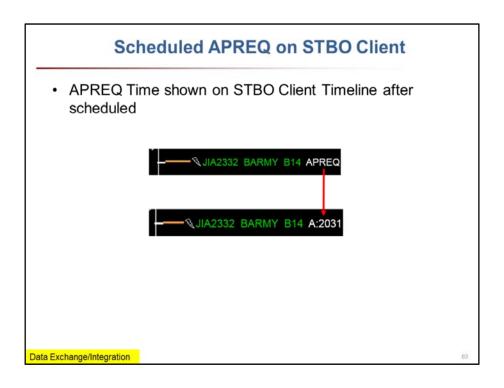
Expected Departure Clearance Times (EDCT) are "Wheels Up" times that are assigned to aircraft due to Traffic Management Initiatives (TMIs) that require holding aircraft on the ground at the departure airport. They have a - 5 minute / + 5 minute conformance window.

EDCTs are read through our system and show up on the STBO Client timeline as "E:hhmm." If the flight is subject to EDCT agreen compliance indicator show if the flight is inside the +/- 5 window, it's red when it is outside the window and late, and it's yellow when it's outside the window and early.

APREQ/Call For Release (CFR)Scheduling



Adding an APREQ restriction will generate a notification on RTC and add the word "APREQ" to the Flight Strips of the affected flights.



Initially the word "APREQ" is shown on Timeline data block when it's known that the flight needs to request Wheels-up time. After the negotiated time is received from the Center, the word "APREQ" changes to the scheduled time shown as "A:hhmm" on the Timeline datablock.



- · To cancel or reschedule an APREQ release time
 - Right click on Timeline datablock
 - Click "Cancel APREQ"
 - Begin the APREQ process again
- RTC will show APREQ on the flight strip when the time has been cancelled



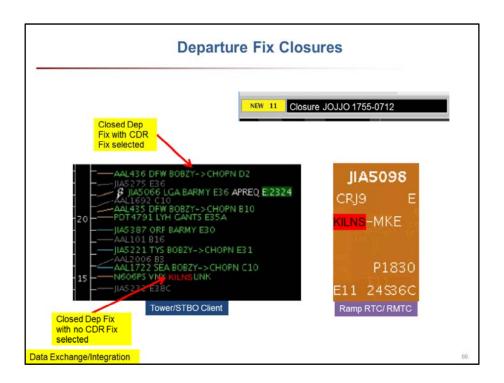


Data Exchange/Integration

64

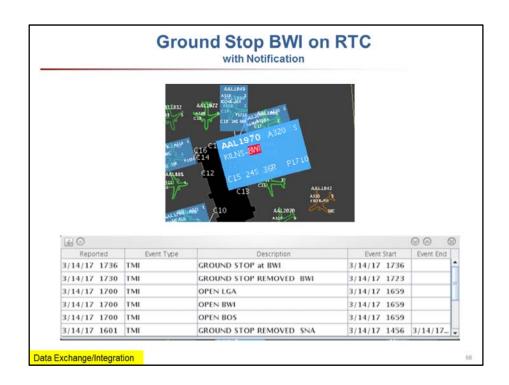
If the APREQ release time needs to be rescheduled then it has to be cancelled using the right click menu. After it has been cancelled, the APREQ process has to start all over again with the Center.

Data Exchange and Integration	
Departure Fix Closures	
	65



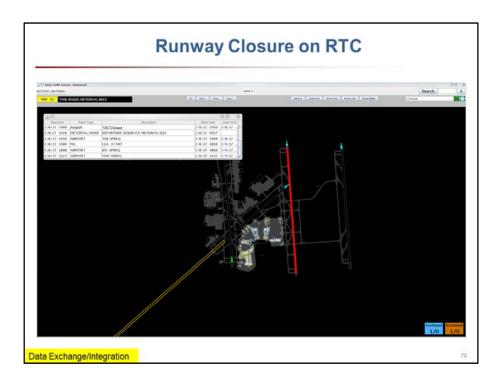
If no "CDR Flights To" fix was selected in STBO Client, the fix will turn red and the datablock will move to the end of the closure after a few seconds (or 2 hours into the future if "No End Time" was selected). If a CDR fix was selected, the red will update to show the CDR as "[original fix] \rightarrow [CDR fix]". On the RTC/RMTC, regardless of whether a CDR fix was selected or not, the original fix will be displayed in red.

Data Exchange and Integration	
Ground Stops	
	67



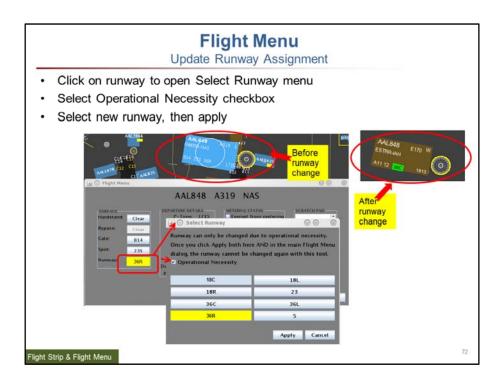
On RTC, Notification window shows the "Ground Stop at BWI," and the flight strip highlights the individual flights with destination to BWI in blinking red for that sector until it is acknowledged.

Data Exchange and Integration	
Runway Closures	
	69



The closed runway is marked red with white "X"s at either end on STBO Client and RTC/RMTC.

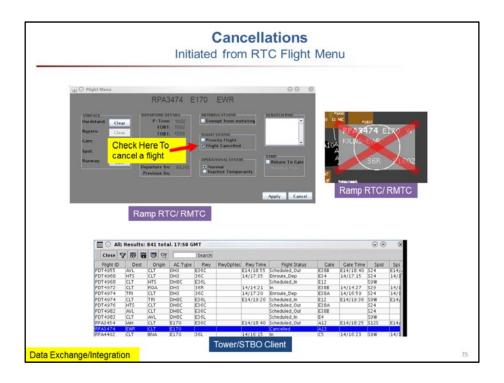
Data Exchange and Integration Runway Change for Operational Necessity





ATC-T knows that a flight has changed runway due to Operational Necessity. The word "OpNec" will show on the STBO Timeline datablock.

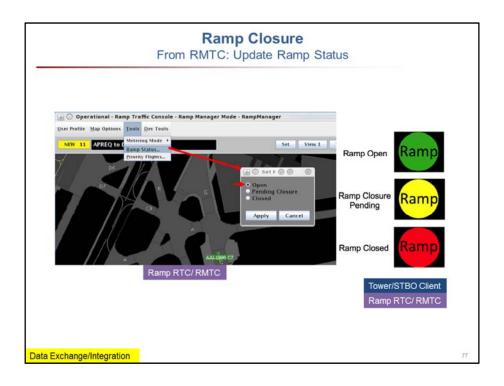
	Data Exchange and Integration	
Canc	ellations	
		74



Cancellations come into the system quite late, sometimes the ramp is aware of these and will be able to enter them into RTC. But cancellation provided by the AA data will also be read into the system.

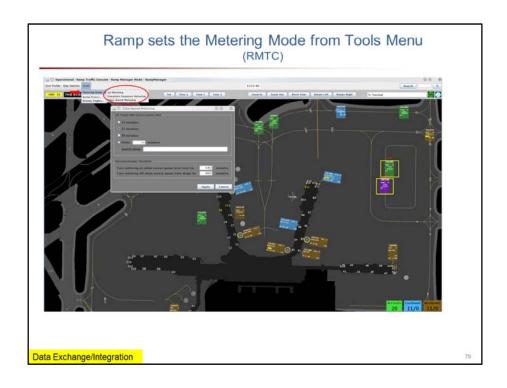
To cancel a flight from RTC, open the flight menu for the flight, select "Flight Cancelled."

Data Exchange and Integration	
Ramp Closure	
	76



Ramp Closures often occur due to inclement weather especially lightning. This information will be entered by the Ramp and shared with the ATC-T.

		Data Exchange and Integration	
1			
	Metering		
			78

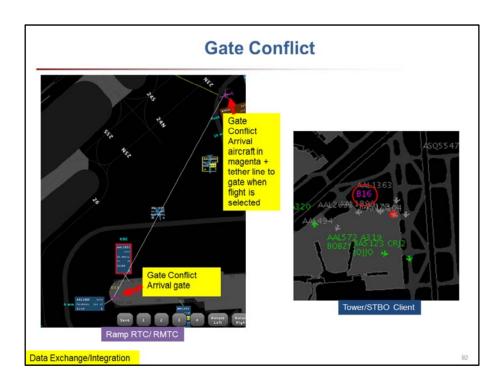


The Ramp Manager will have the option to set the metering mode from the tools menu. The option to set it as "no metering" or "departure sequence metering" is meant to collect data, it does not change any algorithms. Ramp Manager is expected to make this input into the system and it will be sent to the users as a new notification. The notification icon shown in the top right hand side will be also get updated for both STBO Client and RTC. A close up of the notification icons can be seen in the next few slides

Metering Mode Icon Displayed Top Right of Window No Metering: No time-based advisories are displayed Hold lists are available on RTC/RMTC Sequence-based metering: - This is provided primarily for legacy backward compatibility This is how ATD-2 allows the count-based metering that CLT has previously called "departure sequencing" Requires selection of a queue size on RMTC - Hold lists are available on RTC/RMTC Time-based metering: This is the new tactical surface metering ATD-2 is adding which leverages time-based-metering & ration-by-schedule The time-based pushback advisory is for individual aircraft using trajectory based predictions & scheduling algorithms Both pushback and recommended hold times advisories are available on RTC/RMTC Data Exchange/Integration

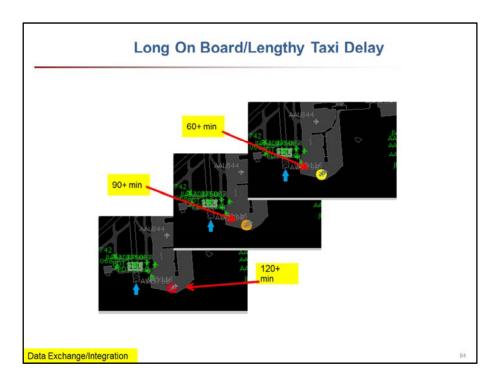
The metering modes are described above. These will be updated depending on Mode set by the Ramp Manager, STBO Client will also display the Metering Mode Icon on the right hand corner of the Toolbar.

	Data Exchange and Integration	
Gate Conf	licts	
		81



In RTC, the gate conflicts are shown as magenta for the arrival icon and the affected gate also shows as magenta. In future the users will be able to configure gate conflicts and see gate conflicts/ gate occupied in the next "n" minutes and "n" min could be specified by the users as per their needs. Also gates blocked due to heavies parked next to the gate will be marked as magenta.

Long On Board /Lengthy Taxi Delay



Long On Board is especially important to the Airlines to avoid heavy penalties. ATC-T also expressed a desire to see the LOB information so that they could assist the Ramp with getting the flights to their gates as soon as possible. The timer for LOB starts as soon as the arrival touches ground and gets its ON, and for departures it starts when it gets its OUT or pushes back. The LOB indicator is a colored disc drawn on the flight icon. On STBO Client Map and RTC/RMTC it is a yellow disc when the flight has been on the tarmac for 60 min, it's orange when it has been there for 90 min and its red when the flight has been on tarmac for over 120 minutes or 2 hours.

Review of Data Exchange on Flight Strips

Review of TMI Flight Notification





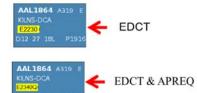
- When a flight has a TMI, the TMI detail will be displayed on the flight strip with a blinking yellow text box. *Click on flight to acknowledge this alert
- APREQ on strip: this flight is waiting to be scheduled. *try not to release a flight until it has a scheduled time
- Required to acknowledge again after scheduled APREQ
- APREQ flights will always get a gate hold recommendation, meant to guide the pushback of the flight to meet FAA controlled time (TMI)

As an alert, these will all blink when they first appear.

*It is important to acknowledge any alerting (blinking yellow or red) alerts so that if the TMI is updated, new alerts can be easily noticed.

Data Exchange/Integration

EDCT Flight Notification

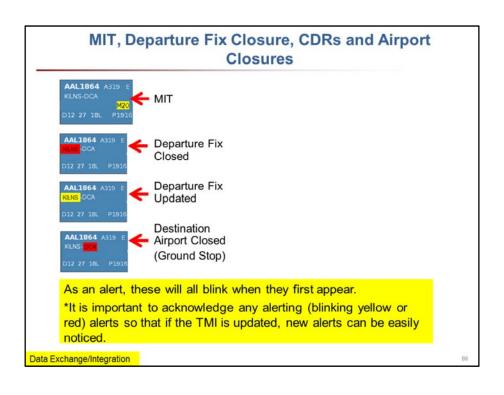


- EDCT flights will always get a gate hold recommendation, meant to guide the pushback of the flight to meet FAA controlled time (TMI)
- EDCT & APREQ shown together
 APREQ will trump EDCT once negotiated

As an alert, these will all blink when they first appear.

*It is important to acknowledge any alerting (blinking yellow or red) alerts so that if the TMI is updated, new alerts can be easily noticed.

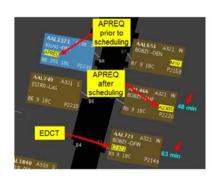
Data Exchange/Integration



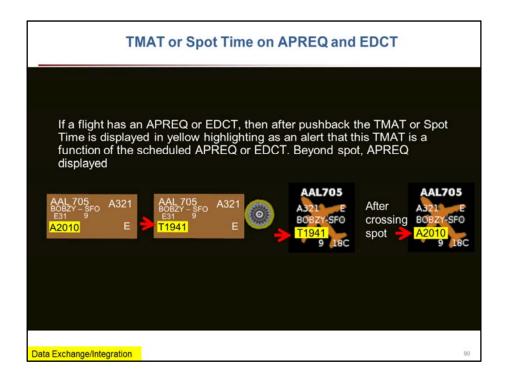
APREQ and **EDCT**

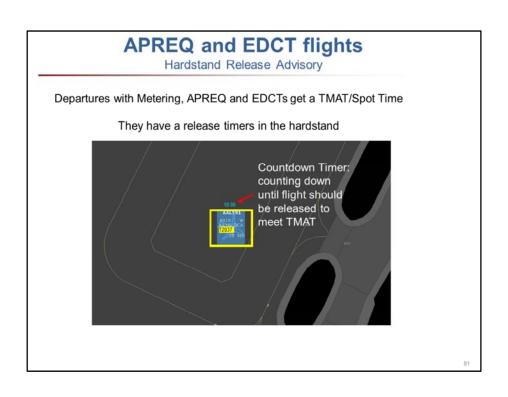
Hold Recommendation

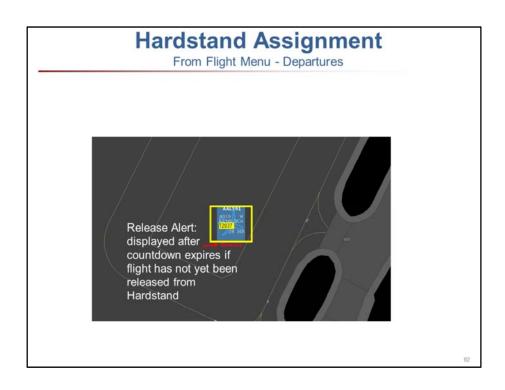
APREQ flights with a scheduled Call For Release (CFR) and EDCT flights will always have a recommended gate hold time



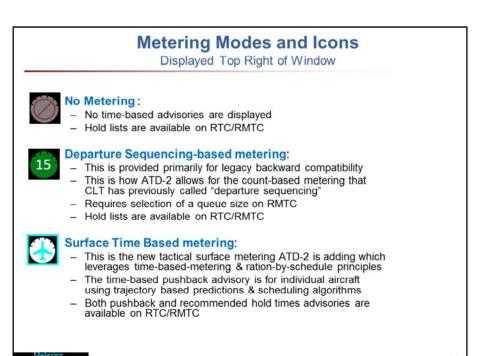
Data Exchange/Integration







Agenda Training Topic Duration A. Overview of ATD-2 & RTC/RMTC 30 Min B. Interface Details: Upper Status Bar: (Map Features, Notifications) 30 Min C. Interface Details: Flight Strip and 30 Min Flight Menu D. Data Exchange and Integration 30 Min E. Metering Modes, and Tactical 1 Hour Scheduler Advisories F. Interactive Exercises on all the above 1 Hour Total 4 Hours



These will be updated depending on the mode as it is set by the Ramp Manager, STBO will also display the Metering Mode Icon. The first modes mentioned here are for data collection only, so that we are aware of what mode is in effect. Time based metering is meant for surface metering only and provides pushback or gate hold advisories.

Surface Time Based Metering (STBM)

Flight Grouping and EOBTs

- The metering tool algorithm places flights in Groups based on the quality of their EOBTs, and how far they are from current time, updates to EOBT are received at regular intervals
 - Uncertain GroupPlanning GroupReady GroupQueue Group
- Each group may have different rules for prediction for scheduling, metering and display
- Taxi-time prediction is included in the algorithm to assess transit times and buffers are included to handle congestion
- Given aircraft groups, the scheduler calculates TTOT, TMAT and TOBT. Order of consideration is based on operation, aircraft groups, priority and exempt status

Metering Modes/Advisories 95

EOBTs provide confidence level for when a flight is going to depart.

Different flight groups are based on EOBTs as they are provided by their airline, however not all airlines are providing same level of confidence EOBT.

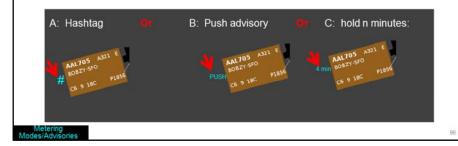
As the departure time for a flight draws near, based on EOBT, there is more confidence in the expected departure time for that flight.

Based on Group and these other criteria, all flights are scheduled and the advisory for each flight is based on this schedule.

Advisories

(After Pilot Calls for Pushback)

- Advisories are present only if Metering is on and there is sufficient demand
- After the pilot calls for pushback, the Advisory (in cyan) will recommend: A, B or C
- · If a hashtag is displayed, click on hashtag to generate the advisory
- If a "PUSH" advisory is displayed, then pushback recommended by the scheduler, make pushback entry using right click menu
- If a recommended hold time, then use right click menu to hold for n minutes



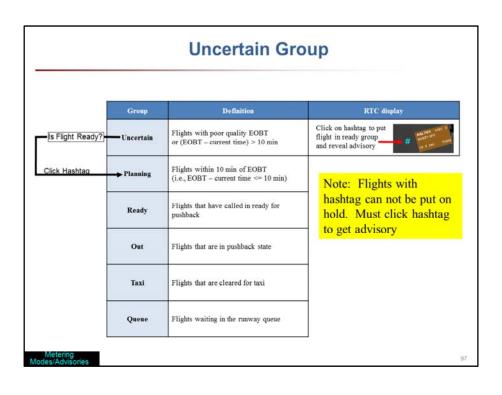
When Time Based Metering is enabled, there may not be advisories generated right away. The metering may be enabled sooner than the tool turns on these advisories. The tool turns on the advisories when it sees a demand capacity imbalance that propagates delays to some flights. The advisories should be used when the pilot calls in.

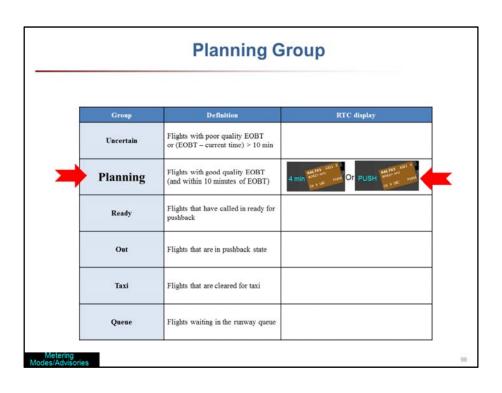
Tactical Scheduler advisories provide a recommended hold time for the controller to advise a flight to either pushback or hold at the moment they call for pushback approval.

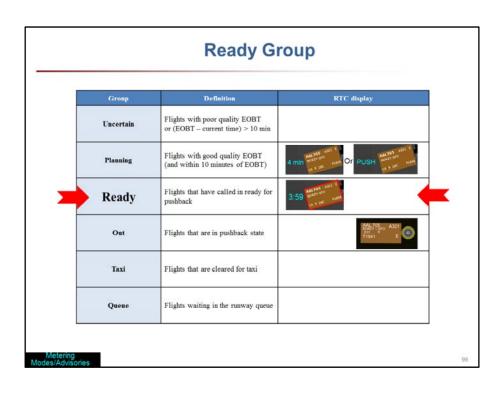
These advisories are updated every 10 seconds based on real time movements on the surface including queue length, number of pushbacks at the gate.

Gate conflicts are not resolved by scheduler, RC may decide to push a flight at a gate with a conflict, or to hold the arrival in HS.

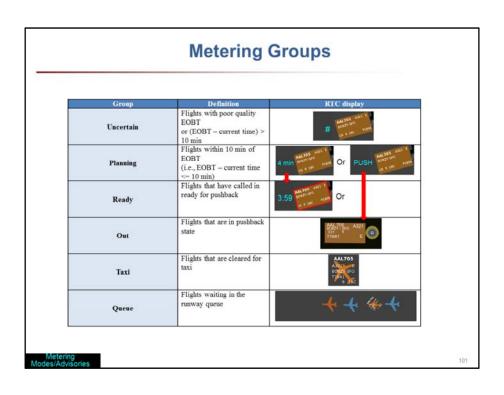
When Tactical Scheduler Advisories are in use, we ask the ramp controllers to follow these recommendations while controlling traffic

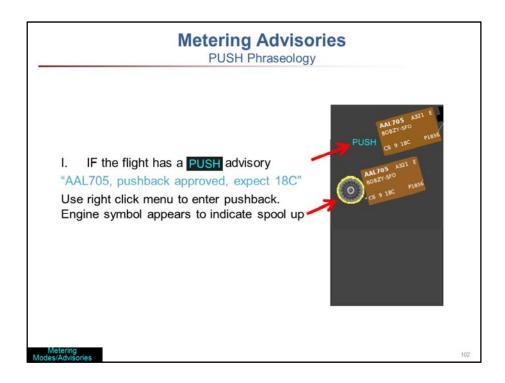






Group Definition RTC display Uncertain Flights with poor quality EOBT or (EOBT – current time) > 10 min Planaing (i.e., EOBT – current time <= 10 min) Ready Flights that have called in ready for pushback Out Flights that are in pushback state Taxi Flights that are cleared for taxi Queue Flights waiting in the runway queue





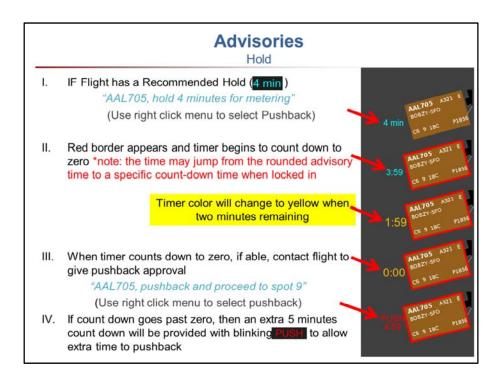
Advisories are shown in cyan blue next to strip. If a PUSH advisory is displayed, then the recommendation is to give pushback approval at the time that the flight has called in. If the advisory is a Hold Time, then the recommendation is to hold the flight at the gate for the specified amount of time. Advised hold times always round up, therefore an N min hold advisory, might actually be a 4 minute, 59 second hold time once the hold is locked in.

When pilot calls, controller looks at flight on map to see a recommended hold time: Advise N minute hold", sliding flight strip toward gate. This informs the scheduler at that moment that flight is ready but holding, and the countdown timer begins to count down.

Then after counting down to zero, the count up timer will be displayed to remind controller that that flight is ready and waiting to pushback.

If the advisories are turned off while a pushback hold is in place, the timer will simply show the total time the flight has been on hold and keep counting up

The ramp controller is asked to follow advisories, allowing for operational and safety concerns. However, If a flight is pushed before the advised time then it can affect the schedule of the other flights and may change their advisories.



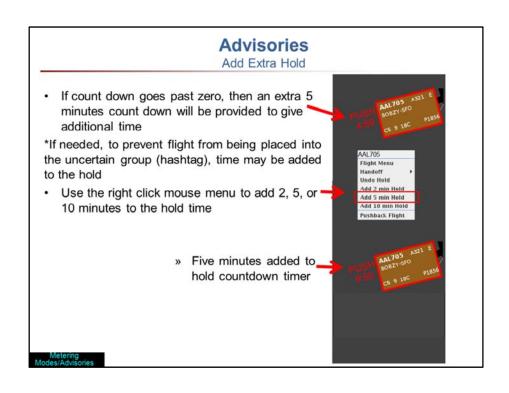
Advisories are shown in cyan blue next to strip. If a PUSH advisory is displayed, then the recommendation is to give pushback approval at the time that the flight has called in. If the advisory is a Hold Time, then the recommendation is to hold the flight at the gate for the specified amount of time. Advised hold times always round up, therefore an N min hold advisory, might actually be a 4 minute, 59 second hold time once the hold is locked in.

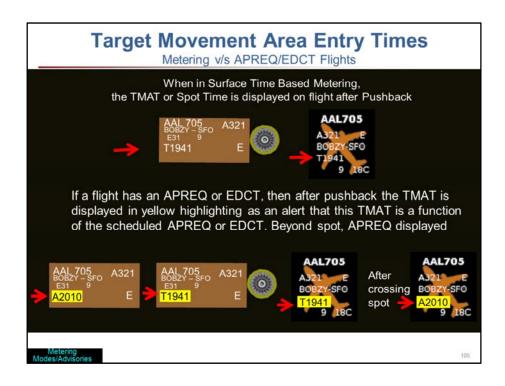
When pilot calls, controller looks at flight on map to see a recommended hold time: Advise N minute hold", sliding flight strip toward gate. This informs the scheduler at that moment that flight is ready but holding, and the countdown timer begins to count down.

Then after counting down to zero, the count up timer will be displayed to remind controller that that flight is ready and waiting to pushback.

If the advisories are turned off while a pushback hold is in place, the timer will simply show the total time the flight has been on hold and keep counting up

The ramp controller is asked to follow advisories, allowing for operational and safety concerns. However, If a flight is pushed before the advised time then it can affect the schedule of the other flights and may change their advisories.





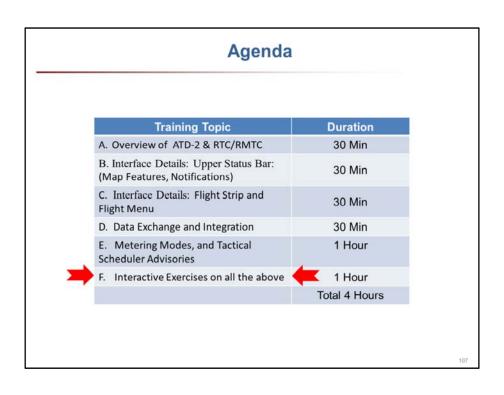
Target Movement Area Time (TMAT) is the time the flight should arrive at the spot. TMAT times are displayed after pushback, only when in Time Based Metering. If not in metering and if no TMI, then TMATs are not displayed after pushback

We expect the ramp controller will manage the flow of traffic to honor the TMAT times for a flight.

Expected Pilot Procedures

- Metering
 - "AAL705, hold 4 minutes for metering"
- · APREQ Flights with wheels-up time
 - "AA 235 you have a wheels-up time of 1230 to LGA, hold for 10 min"
 - OR check if the flight got it's wheels-up time before proceeding to spot
- EDCT Flights
 - "AA 795 you have an EDCT or wheels up time of 1330 to EWR, hold for 40 min" or send to hard stand
- · In Hardstand
 - Advisory available
 - "AA 898, you will be released from hardstand in 7 minutes"
 - Advisory not available : use current day procedures
- · Dep Fix Closure (at gate when possible)
 - "AA 267, Contact Clearance delivery for new route, call when ready for push"

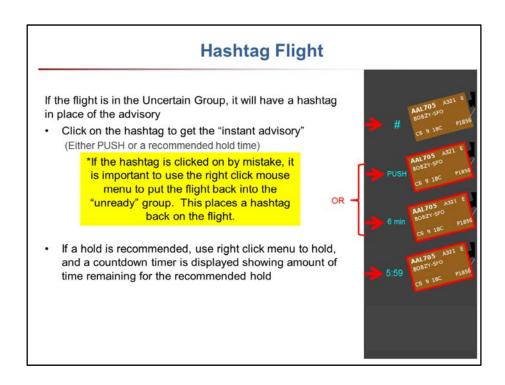
Metering Modes/Advisories



Exercises

- · How to access RTC
- · Pushback, taxi
- · Undo pushback, undo taxi
- · Flight Menu
 - Surface updates (gate, spot, runway update)
 - Status updates (Exempt, Priority, Cancel, inactive temp)
 - Scratchpad, return to gate (move to gate for arrival)
- · Notifications, open panel and acknowledge
- Advisories
 - Push, hold, undo hold
 - add time to hold

	Extra Slides	
7.9.2018 r.		109



Advisories are shown in cyan blue next to strip. If a PUSH advisory is displayed, then the recommendation is to give pushback approval at the time that the flight has called in. If the advisory is a Hold Time, then the recommendation is to hold the flight at the gate for the specified amount of time. Advised hold times always round up, therefore an N min hold advisory, might actually be a 4 minute, 59 second hold time once the hold is locked in.

When pilot calls, controller looks at flight on map to see a recommended hold time: Advise N minute hold", sliding flight strip toward gate. This informs the scheduler at that moment that flight is ready but holding, and the countdown timer begins to count down.

Then after counting down to zero, the count up timer will be displayed to remind controller that that flight is ready and waiting to pushback.

If the advisories are turned off while a pushback hold is in place, the timer will simply show the total time the flight has been on hold and keep counting up

The ramp controller is asked to follow advisories, allowing for operational and safety concerns. However, If a flight is pushed before the advised time then it can affect the schedule of the other flights and may change their advisories.